

Vietnam Wind Power



About Vestas in Vietnam



Vestas®



- 60 MW installed
- 75 MW under construction
- 14 Employees
- 60 MW under Service
- EUR 69,000,000 annual spend



Classification: Restricted

Wind in Vietnam: Setting the scene



Advances in renewable energy are changing the power landscape

Climate change

 Vietnam signed the 2015 Paris climate agreement. To fulfil this commitment, Vietnam is accelerating the shift away from coal and towards renewable energy

Electricity demand

 Vietnam's economy will increase the need for energy, and electricity demand is expected to grow at an average of 10% per year till 2030.

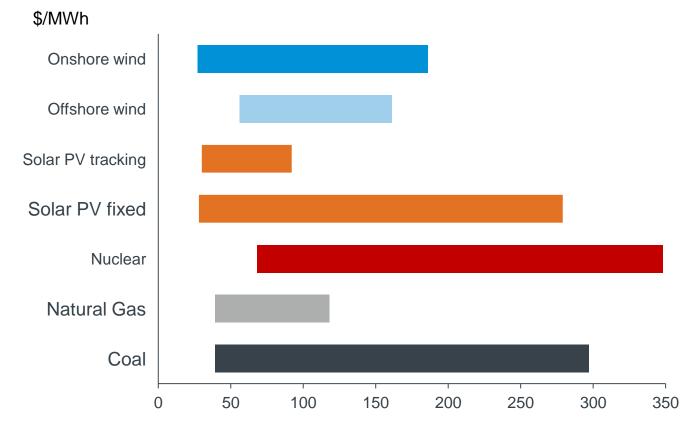
Government targets

National Power Development Plan targets 800 MW of wind by 2020 and 6 GW by 2030, corresponding to only 0.8% of wind in the energy mix by 2020 and 2.1% in 2030.

Competitive renewables

 New wind and solar may become cheaper than coal during the next decade.

Global LCOE ranges – H2 2018





Wind in Vietnam: The opportunities



Wind resources

 With a coastline of more than 3,000 km and located in the monsoonal climate zone, Vietnam has one of the best wind potentials in Southeast Asia region.

Projects being built

 Vietnam's wind market started slowly but is likely to begin scaling in coming years.

Positive Forecasts

BNEF estimates 1.2 GW onshore wind likely to come online from 2019-2023 in Vietnam.



Wind in Vietnam: The challenges



Grid

Grid challenges, including grid management of variable energy

Permitting

Complex permitting process involving state and regional authorities with variable duration of approval process

Supply chain

Vietnam needs to build a local supply chain to cater the needs of the growing sector

Bankability

Current PPAs
prevent
international banks
to provide non recourse project
financing

Financing

 Local financing remain limited though growing as the policy risks are gradually lowered

Grid development should follow the targets of the National Power Development Plan

- National framework for provinces supported by targets; aim for faster approvals
- More volume and larger project scope will help to expand local supply chains for more investment and employment
- Review PPAs to eliminate barriers; align PPA structure to international standards
- Encouraging innovative financing structures to attract international finance



Challenge

Lessons learned from over 80 markets worldwide



Onshore wind

- Onshore wind is today among the most cost-efficient power generating technologies, mainly due to declining wind turbine prices, O&M optimisation and increased power output.
- Reliable national targets and local planning frameworks have encouraged growth in onshore wind in many emerging markets.
- Many solutions available to address the challenges of growing the Vietnamese onshore wind sector and meeting the country's renewable energy targets

Offshore wind

- Offshore wind is not onshore wind. It requires a larger, stronger and different infrastructure in order for offshore to realise its full potential.
- Wind maps, seabed conditions, infrastructure, supply chain, ports, ships and manufacturing centres to support construction and maintenance activities are key enablers for the industry.
- In order to accelerate the build-out, start at scale and prioritise long term market visibility and early planning to speed up the pace of cost reductions.

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